| Name:                             | Subject: Biology | Class: 11 <sup>th</sup> | Time: 80 minutes | Total Marks: | 40 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------|----|
| Chapter No.9 2 <sup>nd</sup> half | MJDexpert.com    |                         | Obtained marks   |              |    |

**Note:** Please attempt any 11 short questions from Question 2. Also, attempt both parts (a and b) of Question 3. Cutting and removal of any content is strictly prohibited.

## **Objective-Section**

### Q. 1 Encircle the correct answer. (10x1=10)

- 1. The male cones of Pinus are produced in:
  - (A) Clusters on an axis (B) Single units on the plant (C) Large and conspicuous groups (D) Underground structures
- 2. What structure in Pinus contains the microsporangia?
  - (A) Female cone (B) Male cone (C) Ovule (D) Pollen grain
- 3. In the life cycle of Pinus, the functional megaspore undergoes mitosis to produce:
  - (A) Male gametophyte (B) Female gametophyte (C) Microspore (D) Seed
- 4. The transfer of male gametes in gymnosperms is accomplished through:
  - (A) Water (B) Insects (C) Wind (D) Animals
- 5. The ovule of an angiosperm contains:
  - (A) Male gametes (B) Female gametophyte (C) Microspores (D) Pollen grains
- 6. What does double fertilization in angiosperms produce?
  - (A) Two embryos (B) One embryo and endosperm (C) Two seeds (D) One seed and one pollen grain
- 7. Which of the following is not a characteristic of the Rosaceae family?
  - (A) Showy flowers (B) Compound leaves (C) Zygomorphic flowers (D) Usually bisexual flowers
- 8. In the Solanaceae family, the fruit is typically:
  - (A) Legume (B) Drupe (C) Berry (D) Capsule
- 9. Which plant is a member of the Fabaceae family?
  - (A) Tomato (B) Rose (C) Pea (D) Pine
- 10. The main economic use of plants from the Mimosaceae family includes:
  - (A) Timber and fuel (B) Ornamental purposes only (C) Edible fruits (D) Medicinal purposes only

# **Subjective-Section**

### Q.2 Write short answers of any ten of the following questions: (11x2=22)

- I. Define the term "pollen grain" in the context of Pinus.
- II. What is the role of the microspore mother cell in the reproduction of Pinus?
- III. Describe the function of the female cone in Pinus.
- IV. Explain the concept of "double fertilization" in angiosperms.
- V. What is the main difference between Monocotyledonae and Dicotyledonae?
- VI. How does the wind facilitate pollination in Pinus?
- VII. Name two families of angiosperms and provide one characteristic for each.
- VIII. What is the economic importance of the Rosaceae family?
- IX. Describe the general floral characteristics of the Solanaceae family.
- X. What distinguishes the Fabaceae family from other plant families?
- XI. How are seeds formed in angiosperms after fertilization?
- XII. Explain the term "endosperm" and its role in angiosperms.

### Q.No.3 Long Question:

(4+4=8)

- a. Outline the key stages from pollination to seed formation.
- b. Discuss how the structure of flowers contributes to the reproductive process.