

Name: _____						
Subject: Chemistry		Class: 12 th	Time: 60 minutes	Total Marks:	30	
Chapter No.6		MJDexpert.com			Obtained marks	

Note: Please attempt any 7 short questions from Question 2. Also, attempt both parts (a and b) of Question 3. Cutting and removal of any content is strictly prohibited.

Objective-Section

Q. 1 Encircle the correct answer by filling the appropriate circle. (8x1=8)

- The transition metal complex $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{+2}$ has geometry
 (A) Tetrahedral (B) Octahedral (C) Square planer (D) Trigonal pyramidal
- Which of the following is a typical transition element?
 (A) Sc (B) Y (C) Re (D) Co
- Which of the following has greatest number of unpaired electrons?
 (A) Fe (B) Fe^{+2} (C) Mn^{+2} (D) Cr^{+3}
- Co-ordination number of Pt in $[\text{PtCl}(\text{NO}_2)(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{+2}$ is
 (A) 2 (B) 4 (C) 1 (D) 6
- Which one is non-typical transition element?
 (A) Cr (B) Mn (C) Zn (D) Fe
- Which element form an ion with charge +3:
 (A) Chromium (B) Copper (C) Lead (D) Zinc
- The central metal atom or ion along with ligands is called a
 (a) Chelates (b) Coordination sphere (c) Coordination number (d) None of these
- Group VIB of transition elements contains:
 (A) Zn, Cd, Hg (B) Fe, Ru, Os (C) Cr, Mo, W (D) Mn, Te, Re

Subjective-Section

Q.2 Write short answers of any SEVEN of the following questions: (7x2=14)

- What are typical and non-typical transition elements? Why are they called so?
- Define interstitial compounds. Write one example
- Give any four properties of transition elements.
- Write IUPAC names of the following complexes (i) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_5]$ (ii) $\text{K}_2[\text{Pt}(\text{Cl})_6]$
- How are entrapped bubbles of gases removed during the preparation of steel?
- Under what conditions does aluminum corrode?
- How chromate ions are converted into dichromate ions?
- What is the difference between wrought iron and steel?

Q.No.3 Long Question: (4+4=8)

- Briefly explain the following general characteristics properties of transition elements
 (i) Para magnetism (ii) Binding Energies
- Explain the open-Hearth process for the manufacture of steel.