Name:	Subject: Chemistry	Class: 9 th	Time: 60 minutes	Total Marks:	30
Chapter No.2	M.	Obtained marks			

Note: Please attempt any 7 short questions from Question 2. Also, attempt both parts (a and b) of Question 3. "a" Part is 5 marks and "b" is 4 marks. Cutting and removal of any content is strictly prohibited.

Objective-Section

Q. 1 Encircle the correct Answer.

(7x1=7)

MJD Chemistry

1.	The scientist who put plum pudding theory is?										
a	Bohar	b	Thomson	c	Chadwick	d	Rutherford				
2.	The mass of an electron is:										
a	1.672x10 ⁻²⁴ kg	b	$1.672 \times 10^{-24} \text{g}$	c	$9.106 \times 10^{28} \text{kg}$	d	9.106x10 ⁻²⁸ g				
3.	In discharge tube the canal rays are produced due to?										
a	Presence of anode	b	Ionization of gas molecules	С	Presence of cathode	d	High pressure of gas				
4.	The value of plank's constant is?										
a	$6.63 \times 10^{-36} \text{js}$	b	$6.63 \times 10^{-3} \text{js}$	c	$6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{js}$	d	$6.63 \times 10^{-33} \text{js}$				
5.	Who is considered as father of Nuclear science?										
a	Rutherford	b	Planck	c	Bohr	d	Thomson				
6.	Bohr won the noble prize in?										
a	1922	b	1923	c	1920	d	1921				
7.	The electronic configuration if hydrogen is:										
a	$1s^2, 2s^2$	b	$1s^2$	c	$1s^2$, c, $1s^2$, $2s^1$	d	$1s^1$				

Subjective-Section

Q.2 Write short answers of any seven of the following questions: (7x2=14)

- i. Give four characteristics of cathode rays?
- ii. Write down the properties of canal rays?
- iii. Define nucleons?
- iv. Write down the defects of Rutherford Atomic model?
- v. Write down the difference between Rutherford Atomic theory and Bohr Atomic theory?
- vi. Define Electronic configuration with example?
- vii. Write down the electronic configuration of Cl & Na?
- viii. Write down the two uses of isotopes?

Q.No.3 Long Question:

(5+4=9)

- a) Explain Bohr Atomic theory?
- b) Define isotopes with examples?